

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently amended) A method of administering alprazolam or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof to a mammal, comprising spraying the oral mucosa of the mammal with a propellant free buccal spray to provide transmucosal absorption of a pharmacologically effective amount of alprazolam through the oral mucosa of the mammal to the systemic circulatory system of the mammal, the spray comprising: alprazolam or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in an amount of between 0.001 and 60 percent by weight of the total composition; and a polar solvent in an amount between 30 and 99.69 percent by weight of the total composition; wherein a therapeutically-pharmacologically effective amount of alprazolam is absorbed through the oral mucosa of the mammal to the mammal's systemic circulatory system; and a therapeutic effect of alprazolam administered by the act of spraying is achieved with a first amount of alprazolam, the first amount being less than a second amount of alprazolam necessary to achieve the therapeutic effect when passed through a gastrointestinal tract of the mammal; and

wherein a period of time for onset of the therapeutic effect of alprazolam administered by the act of spraying is less than a period of time for onset of the therapeutic effect for alprazolam when passed through the gastrointestinal tract of the mammal.

2. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising a taste mask and/or flavoring agent in an amount of between 0.1 and 10 percent by weight of the total composition.

3. (Previously presented) The method of claim 2, wherein the polar solvent is present in an amount between 37 and 98.58 percent by weight of the total composition, the alprazolam or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof is present in an amount between 0.005 and 55 percent by weight of the total composition, and the taste mask and/or flavoring agent is present in an amount between 0.5 and 8 percent by weight of the total composition.

4. (Previously presented) The method of claim 3, wherein the polar solvent is present in an amount between 60.7 and 97.06 percent by weight of the total composition, the alprazolam or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof is present in an amount between 0.01 and 40 percent by

weight of the total composition, and the taste mask and/or flavoring agent is present in an amount between 0.75 and 7.5 percent by weight of the total composition.

5. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the polar solvent is selected from the group consisting of polyethylene glycols having a molecular weight between 400 and 1000, C₂ to C₈ mono- and poly-alcohols, and C₇ to C₁₈ alcohols of linear or branched configuration.

6. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the polar solvent comprises polyethylene glycol.

7. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the polar solvent comprises ethanol.

8. (Previously presented) The method of claim 2, wherein the flavoring agent is selected from the group consisting of synthetic or natural oil of peppermint, oil of spearmint, citrus oil, fruit flavors, sweeteners, and mixtures thereof.

9. (Canceled).

10. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the amount of the spray is predetermined.

Claims 11-21 (Canceled).

22. (Currently amended) A method of administering alprazolam or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof to a mammal, comprising spraying the oral mucosa of the mammal with a propellant free buccal spray to provide transmucosal absorption of a pharmacologically effective amount of alprazolam through the oral mucosa of the mammal to the systemic circulatory system of the mammal, the spray comprising: alprazolam or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in an amount between 0.005 and 55 percent by weight of the total composition; and a non-polar solvent in an amount between 30 and 99.69 percent by weight of the total composition; wherein a ~~therapeutically-pharmacologically~~ effective amount of alprazolam is absorbed through the oral

mucosa of the mammal to the mammal's systemic circulatory system; and a therapeutic effect of alprazolam administered by the act of spraying is achieved with a first amount of alprazolam, the first amount being less than a second amount of alprazolam necessary to achieve the therapeutic effect when passed through a gastrointestinal tract of the mammal; and

wherein a period of time for onset of the therapeutic effect of alprazolam administered by the act of spraying is less than a period of time for onset of the therapeutic effect for alprazolam when passed through the gastrointestinal tract of the mammal.

23. (Previously presented) The method of claim 22, further comprising a taste mask and/or flavoring agent in an amount between 0.1 and 10 percent by weight of the total composition.

24. (Previously presented) The method of claim 23, wherein the flavoring agent is selected from the group consisting of synthetic or natural oil of peppermint, oil of spearmint, citrus oil, fruit flavors, sweeteners, and mixtures thereof.

25. (Previously presented) The method of claim 22, wherein the solvent is selected from the group consisting of (C₂-C₂₄) fatty acid (C₂-C₆) esters, C₇-C₁₈ hydrocarbons of linear or branched configuration, C₂-C₆ alkanoyl esters, and triglycerides of C₂-C₆ carboxylic acids.

26. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein the solvent is a triglyceride.

27. (Canceled).

28. (Previously presented) The method of claim 22, wherein the amount of the spray is predetermined.

Claims 29-39 (Canceled).

40. (Currently amended) A method of administering alprazolam or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof to a mammal, comprising spraying the oral mucosa of the mammal with a buccal spray to provide transmucosal absorption of a pharmacologically effective amount of alprazolam through the oral mucosa of the mammal to the systemic circulatory system of the

mammal, the spray comprising: alprazolam or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in an amount between 0.2 and 10 percent by weight of the total composition; and a polar solvent comprising propylene glycol and ethanol in an amount between 50 and 99.69 percent by weight of the total composition; wherein a ~~therapeutically~~ pharmacologically effective amount of alprazolam is absorbed through the oral mucosa of the mammal to the mammal's systemic circulatory system; and a therapeutic effect of alprazolam administered by the act of spraying is achieved with a first amount of alprazolam, the first amount being less than a second amount of alprazolam necessary to achieve the therapeutic effect when passed through a gastrointestinal tract of the mammal; and

wherein a period of time for onset of the therapeutic effect of alprazolam administered by the act of spraying is less than a period of time for onset of the therapeutic effect for alprazolam when passed through the gastrointestinal tract of the mammal.

41. (Currently amended) A method of administering alprazolam or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof to a mammal, comprising spraying the oral mucosa of the mammal with a propellant free buccal spray comprising: alprazolam or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in an amount of between 0.001 and 60 percent by weight of the total composition; and a mixture of a polar solvent and a non-polar solvent in an amount of between 30 and 99.69 percent by weight of the total composition, wherein the ratio of the polar solvent to the non-polar solvent ranges from 1:99 to 99:1; and wherein a pharmacologically effective amount of alprazolam is absorbed through the oral mucosa to the systemic circulatory system and a therapeutic effect of alprazolam administered by the act of spraying is achieved with a first amount of alprazolam, the first amount being less than a second amount of alprazolam necessary to achieve the therapeutic effect when passed through a gastrointestinal tract of the mammal; and

wherein a period of time for onset of the therapeutic effect of alprazolam administered by the act of spraying is less than a period of time for onset of the therapeutic effect for alprazolam when passed through the gastrointestinal tract of the mammal.

42. (Previously presented) The method of claim 41, further comprising a taste mask and/or flavoring agent in an amount of between 0.1 and 10 percent by weight of the total composition.

43. (Previously presented) The method of claim 42, wherein the polar solvent is present in an amount between 37 and 98.58 percent by weight of the total composition, the alprazolam or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof is present in an amount between 0.005 and 55 percent by weight of the total composition, and the taste mask and/or flavoring agent is present in an amount between 0.5 and 8 percent by weight of the total composition.

44. (Previously presented) The method of claim 43, wherein the polar solvent is present in an amount between 60.7 and 97.06 percent by weight of the total composition, the alprazolam or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof is present in an amount between 0.01 and 40 percent by weight of the total composition, and the taste mask and/or flavoring agent is present in an amount between 0.75 and 7.5 percent by weight of the total composition.

45. (Previously presented) The method of claim 41, wherein the polar solvent is selected from the group consisting of polyethylene glycols having a molecular weight between 400 and 1000, C₂ to C₈ mono- and poly-alcohols, and C₇ to C₁₈ alcohols of linear or branched configuration and the non-polar solvent is selected from the group consisting of (C₂-C₂₄) fatty acid (C₂-C₆) esters, C₇-C₁₈ hydrocarbons of linear or branched configuration, C₂-C₆ alkanoyl esters, and triglycerides of C₂-C₆ carboxylic acids.

46. (Previously presented) The method of claim 42, wherein the flavoring agent is selected from the group consisting of synthetic or natural oil of peppermint, oil of spearmint, citrus oil, fruit flavors, sweeteners, and mixtures thereof.

47. (Canceled).

48. (Previously presented) The method of claim 41, wherein the amount of the spray is predetermined.

Claims 49-56 (Canceled).

57. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising treating anxiety in a patient, comprising spraying the oral mucosa of the patient with a therapeutically effective amount of the buccal spray.

58. (Previously presented) The method of claim 11, further comprising treating anxiety in a patient, comprising spraying the oral mucosa of the patient with a therapeutically effective amount of the buccal spray.

59. (Previously presented) The method of claim 22, further comprising treating anxiety in a patient, comprising spraying the oral mucosa of the patient with a therapeutically effective amount of the buccal spray.

60. (Canceled).

61. (Previously presented) The method of claim 41, further comprising treating anxiety in a patient, comprising spraying the oral mucosa of the patient with a therapeutically effective amount of the buccal spray.

62. (Canceled).

63. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1, further comprising treating panic disorder in a patient, comprising spraying the oral mucosa of the patient with a therapeutically effective amount of the buccal spray.

64. (Canceled).

65. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 22, further comprising treating panic disorder in a patient, comprising spraying the oral mucosa of the patient with a therapeutically effective amount of the buccal spray.

66. (Canceled).

67. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 41, further comprising treating panic disorder in a patient, comprising spraying the oral mucosa of the patient with a therapeutically effective amount of the buccal spray.

68. (Canceled).

69. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1, further comprising inducing sleep in a patient, comprising spraying the oral mucosa of the patient with a therapeutically effective amount of the buccal spray.

70. (Canceled).

71. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 22, further comprising inducing sleep in a patient, comprising spraying the oral mucosa of the patient with a therapeutically effective amount of the buccal spray.

72. (Canceled).

73. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 41, further comprising inducing sleep in a patient, comprising spraying the oral mucosa of the patient with a therapeutically effective amount of the buccal spray.

74. (Canceled).

75. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1, further comprising treating the symptoms of premenstrual syndrome in a patient, comprising spraying the oral mucosa of the patient with a therapeutically effective amount of the buccal spray.

76. (Canceled).

77. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 22, further comprising treating the symptoms of premenstrual syndrome in a patient, comprising spraying the oral mucosa of the patient with a therapeutically effective amount of the buccal spray.

78. (Canceled).

79. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 41, further comprising treating the symptoms of premenstrual syndrome in a patient, comprising spraying the oral mucosa of the patient with a therapeutically effective amount of the buccal spray.

80. (Canceled).

81. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1, further comprising treating chemotherapy induced emesis in a patient, comprising spraying the oral mucosa of the patient with a therapeutically effective amount of the buccal spray.

82. (Canceled).

83. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 22, further comprising treating chemotherapy induced emesis in a patient, comprising spraying the oral mucosa of the patient with a therapeutically effective amount of the buccal spray.

84. (Canceled).

85. (Withdrawn and Previously presented) The method of claim 41, further comprising treating chemotherapy induced emesis in a patient, comprising spraying the oral mucosa of the patient with a therapeutically effective amount of the buccal spray.

86. (Canceled).

87. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1, further comprising treating irritable-bowel syndrome in a patient, comprising spraying the oral mucosa of the patient with a therapeutically effective amount of the buccal spray.

88. (Canceled).

89. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 22, further comprising treating irritable-bowel syndrome in a patient, comprising spraying the oral mucosa of the patient with a therapeutically effective amount of the buccal spray.

90. (Canceled)

91. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 41, further comprising treating irritable-bowel syndrome in a patient, comprising spraying the oral mucosa of the patient with a therapeutically effective amount of the buccal spray.

92. (Canceled).